

Prehistory- 3 million years – 3000BC		History -3000BC to Today			
Palaeolithic 3million – 10,000bc	Neolithic 10,000-3,000 BC	Ancient Age 3000bc- 476 AD	Medieval Age 476 – 1492 AD	Modern Age 1492- 1789 AD	Contemporary Age 1789- today
	Stone Age	Bronze Age Greeks Egyptians Romans	Romans Mayans Anglo-Saxons Vikings		Victorians World War I World War II

Key Vocabulary	
Afterlife	The place where Egyptians believed they would go after they died.
Canopic Jars	Special jars that held the organs of a mummy.
Dynasty	A period of rule when a series of Pharaohs all came from the same family.
Egyptologist	An archaeologist who focusses Ancient Egypt.
Hieroglyphics	A type of writing that used a combination of pictures and symbols.
Mummification	The process of preserving a body after death in preparation for the afterlife.
Pharaoh	The supreme ruler of all of Ancient Egypt.
Sarcophagus	A large stone box that held a mummy's coffin. Often richly decorated for Pharaohs.
Key people	
Narmer	The first Pharaoh of Egypt
Khufu	Pharaoh responsible for building the Great Pyramid at Giza
Tutankhamun	Youngest pharaoh, famed for his burial tomb in the valley of the Kings.
Cleopatra	The last Pharaoh of Egypt. Kept power by making alliances with the Romans



3500 BC	Early settlers in the Nile valley
3100 BC	Hieroglyphic script developed Narmer unifies Upper and Lower Egypt
2700 BC	First stone pyramid built
2600 BC	Pyramids of Giza built
2055 BC	Mentuhotep II gained control of entire country
2000 – 1700 BC	Egyptians control Nubia
1700 BC	Hyksos rulers took control of Delta region
1600 BC	Ahmose unifies country
1400 BC	Tutankhamun became pharaoh
1100 BC	Upper and Lower Egypt split
525 BC	Persians conquer Egypt